

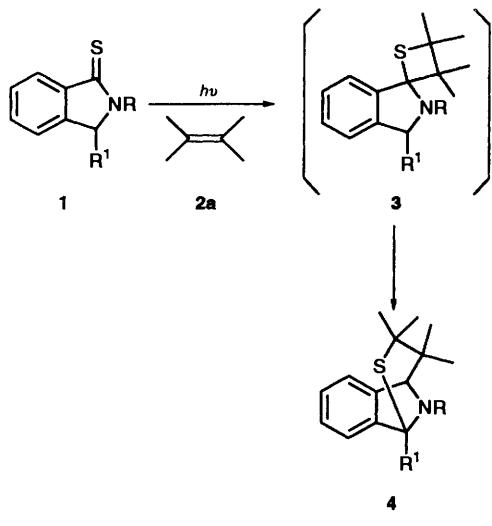
Photoreactions of 1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones and 1,3-Dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones with Alkenes

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The photoreactions of isobenzofuran-1-thiones **7** and 2-benzothiophene-1-thiones **11** in the presence of alkenes have been examined. Irradiation of thiones **7** and **11** in the presence of alkenes gave spiro-thietanes **15** and **21**, which are formed by [2 + 2] cycloaddition of the C=S bond of thiones and the C=C bond of alkenes. The spiro-thietanes **15a**, **b**, **d** and **e**, derived from 3-unsubstituted or 3-monosubstituted 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7a**, **b**, **d** and **e** and alkenes, are somewhat labile and undergo thermal rearrangement to give the tricyclic isobenzofurans **16**. The formation of compounds **16** can be explained on the basis of ring-cleavage of the thietanes, assisted by the participation of the oxygen lone-pair electrons.

The photochemistry of thiocarbonyl compounds has received much attention from both synthetic and mechanistic viewpoints.^{1–6} Some reports have dealt with photochemical reactions involving the C=S group of thioamides.⁷ The majority of these reports deal with intra- and inter-molecular cycloaddition to alkenes. Aminothietanes are suggested to be intermediates in these reactions, although such products have not been isolated except for one example,^{7a} probably because the nitrogen lone-pair-assisted cleavage of the C=S bond of the thietane ring facilitates further reactions. We recently reported that the photocycloaddition of isoindoline-1-thiones **1** with alkenes **2a** yielded the unexpected tricyclic isoindolines **4** through the aminospirothietane intermediate **3**, formed by [2 + 2] photocycloaddition of the C=S double bond of **1** and the C=C double bond of **2** (Scheme 1).^{7r}

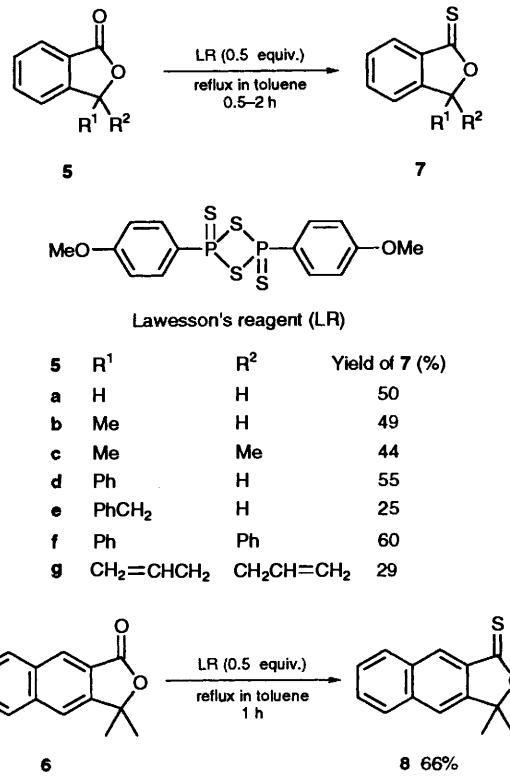


Scheme 1

However, the formation of stable thietanes, which have heteroatoms such as oxygen and sulfur adjacent to the thietane ring, has been reported by several groups.⁸ We set out to investigate the photocycloaddition of 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7**, 1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-*c*]furan-1-thione **8** and 1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones **11** in order to discover the effect of a heteroatom adjacent to the thiocarbonyl function on the formation of a thietane ring and that of the heteroatom lone-pair electrons in the thietane ring cleavage. In the present paper, we describe the results of photochemical reactions of thiones **7**, **8** and **11** with alkenes **2**.

Results and Discussion

*Preparation of 1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7**, 1,3-Dihydronaphtho[2,3-*c*]furan-1-thione **8** and 1,3-Dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones **11**.*—1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7**, 1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-*c*]furan-1-thione **8** and 1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione **11a** were readily prepared by direct thionation of their oxygen analogues, **5**, **6** and **9**, with 2,4-bis(*p*-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-dithione (Lawesson's reagent; LR) in reasonable yields.



*Preparation of 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7** and 1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-*c*]furan-1-thione **8**.*

3-Methyl- and 3-phenyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones, **11b** and **11c** were synthesized by the following procedure. Treatment of *o*-acetylbenzoic acid **10a** with 0.5 equiv. of LR in toluene under reflux yielded **11b** (trace), 3-methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophen-1-one **12** (27%), 3-methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-one **13**

(37%) and 3-methylideneisobenzofuran-1-one **14** (10%). By use of an equimolar amount of LR, the yield of **11b** increased to 21%. Thionation of **12** with LR also gave **11b**. Treatment of **13** with LR in dimethoxyethane (DME) under reflux yielded **11b** and **12** in 43 and 20% yields, respectively. The formation of 3-methyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione **11b** can be interpreted in terms of stepwise thionation (**10a** → **13** → **12** → **11b**) from *o*-acetylbenzoic acid **10a**. In a similar manner, thionation of *o*-benzoylbenzoic acid **10b** with LR yielded 3-phenyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione **11c** in 54% yield.

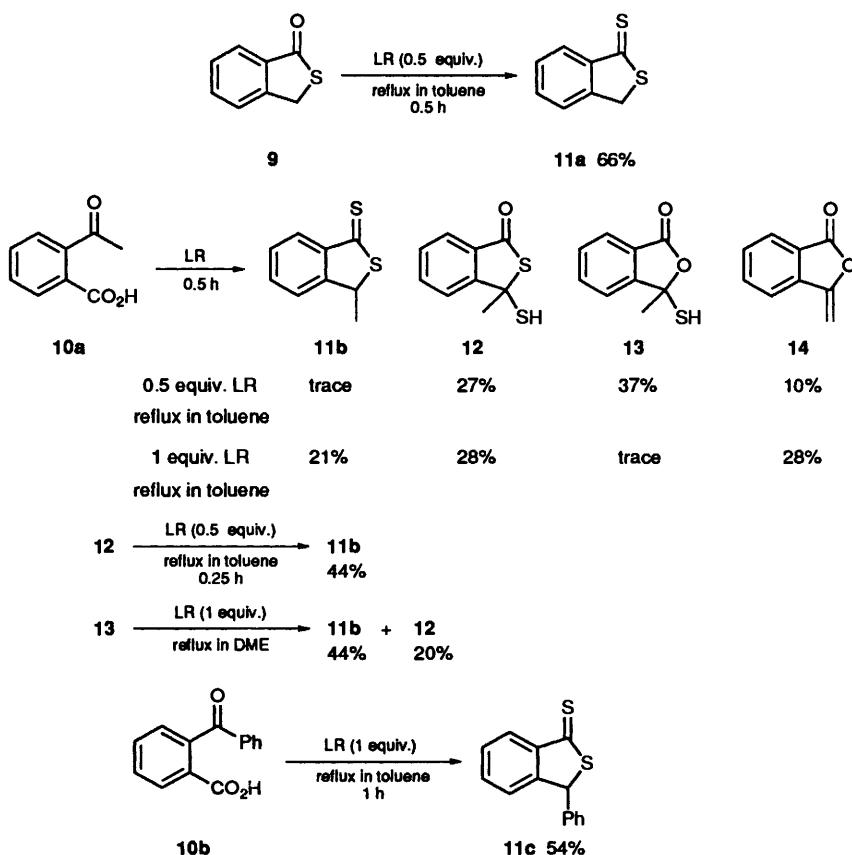
Photochemical Reactions of 1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones 7, 1,3-Dihydroronaphtho[2,3-c]furan-1-thione 8 and 1,3-Dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones 11.—Photolysis of 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione **7a** alone in benzene resulted in no change. However, irradiation of **7a** in benzene in the presence of an excess of 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene **2a** with a high-pressure mercury lamp through a Pyrex filter under argon for 6 h at room temperature gave the expected product, spiro-thietane **15a**, formed by [2 + 2] cycloaddition of the C=S double bond of **7a** and the C=C double bond of **2a**, in 80% isolated yield. Similar results were obtained when MeOH and acetonitrile were used as solvent. The structure of **15a** was elucidated on the basis of spectroscopic data and elemental analysis. The ¹H NMR spectrum of **15a** showed four singlets assignable to methyl protons, an AB quartet assignable to methylene protons and aromatic proton signals. In the ¹³C NMR spectrum of **15a**, four methyl carbon and three quaternary carbon signals newly appeared along with the methylene and aromatic carbon signals. The spiro-thietane **15a** thus formed was quite stable even when heated to reflux in benzene. However, at higher temperatures (reflux in toluene), **15a** rearranged to the tricyclic isobenzofuran **16a**. In a similar manner, 1,3-dihydroiso-

benzofuran-1-thiones **7b–g**, upon irradiation in the presence of 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene **2a**, readily reacted to yield the spiro-thietanes **15b–g** in high yields. Generally, the spiro-thietanes **15b**, **d** and **e** resulting from 3-monosubstituted 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thiones **7b**, **d** and **e** with **2a** were obtained as a mixture of two stereoisomers. These spiro-thietanes are thermally labile and can be easily converted into the rearranged products, tricyclic isobenzofurans **16b**, **d** and **e** (Table 1).

The structures of the spiro-thietanes **15b**, **d** and **e** were deduced from their ¹H NMR spectra. The photoaddition of 3-methyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran **7b** to 2-methylpropene **2b** and 2-methylbut-2-ene **2c** gave the tricyclic isobenzofurans **16h** and **i**, respectively, and was regiospecific and in the latter case non-stereospecific. The regiospecificity is that expected with the formation of a more stable possible biradical intermediate (**B** in Scheme 2). Irradiation of the thione **7a** in the presence of electron-poor alkenes such as acrylonitrile **2d** and methacrylonitrile **2e** gave 2-alkylideneisobenzofurans **17** and **18**. 1,3-Dihydroronaphtho[2,3-c]furan-1-thione **8** gave both spiro-thietane **19** and alkylidenenaphtho[2,3-c]furan **20**.

Photocycloaddition of 1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thiones **11a–c** in the presence of 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene **2a** gave stable spiro-thietanes, **21a** as a sole stereoisomer and **21b** and **c** as a mixture of two stereoisomers. These photoproducts are stable even when heated to reflux in toluene for 15 h. The structures of these photoproducts were characterized from their spectral properties.

The stereochemistry of compounds **21b** and **c** was tentatively assigned as shown in Fig. 1 on the basis of NMR spectral data, although that of **21b** is as yet uncertain because of very close similarities between the NMR spectra of the two stereoisomers. The signals of the two methyl protons of isomer-2 of **21c** appeared as a singlet at higher field (δ 0.83 and 1.64) than those of isomer-1 (δ 1.33 and 1.80) because of the anisotropic shield-



ing effect of the phenyl group at the C-3 position of **21**. Irradiation of 1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran **7a** and 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene **2a** in benzene in the $n-\pi^*$ region using a halogen lamp gave the spiro-thietane **15a** (16%), but in low yield. Irradiation of **7a** and **2a** in benzene at 366 nm with or without a triplet sensitizer (thioxanthen-9-one; E_T 65–66 kcal mol⁻¹; 1 cal. = 4.184 J) showed no significant change in yield (*ca.* 80% in both cases). The formation of the spiro-thietane **15a** (30–40% yield) was slightly quenched by the addition of quenchers [2,5-dimethylhexadiene (E_T = 59 kcal mol⁻¹) or cyclooctatetraene (E_T = 40 kcal mol⁻¹)]. Although not identified, it appears plausible that the photocycloaddition proceeds mainly *via* the $n-\pi^*$ triplet state. The formation of spiro-thietanes **15** and **21**, tricyclic isobenzofurans **16** and alkylideneisobenzofurans **17** and **18** could be explained according to the mechanisms depicted in Schemes 2 and 3.

The spiro-thietanes **15** and **21** are formed through the photochemical [2 + 2] cycloaddition of the C=S bond of **7** and **11** and the C=C bond of alkenes **2** in a regiospecific and non-stereospecific manner. The spiro-thietanes **21** derived from 2-benzothiophene-1-thiones **11** are stable, however those derived

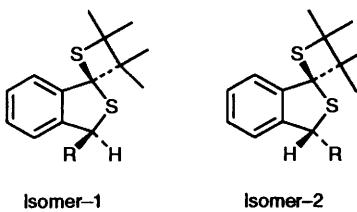


Fig. 1 Stereoisomers of spiro-thietanes **21b** and **c**

from isobenzofuran-1-thiones **7** are somewhat labile and undergo thietane ring cleavage assisted by the lone-pair electrons on the oxygen atom to yield zwitterion **22**, which may be in equilibrium with **23** and **24**. Cyclization of **23** or **24** then yields the tricyclic isobenzofurans **16**. An attempt to trap the zwitterion intermediate with MeOH was unsuccessful. The spirothietane **15a** was also produced in 64% yield when a solution of **7a** in MeOH in the presence of **2a** was irradiated. Irradiation of 3-methyl-1,3-[3-²H]dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione [3-²H]**7b** (R^1 = Me, R^2 = D, D content > 95%) in benzene in the presence of 2,3-dimethylbut-2-ene **2a** gave a mixture of two stereoisomers of deuteriated spiro-thietane [3-²H]**15b** (D content > 95%), which was converted into deuteriated tricyclic isobenzofuran [5-²H]**16b** (D content 45%) as shown in Fig. 2.

The deuteriated tricyclic isobenzofuran [5-²H]**16b** (D content 30%) was also obtained when a solution of spiro-thietane **15b** in methanol-[²H]chloroform was kept at room temperature for 15 h. These results suggest that partial 1,3-deuteration migration took place (**22** → **23**) and sulfanylethylisobenzofuran **24**, in

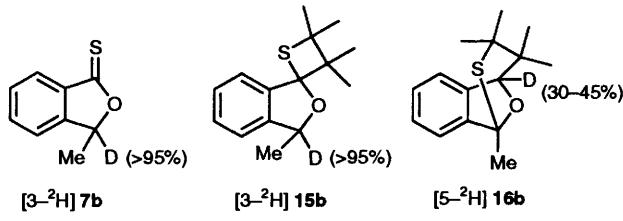
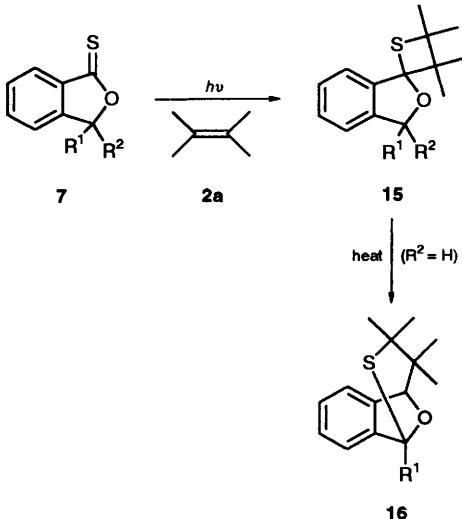


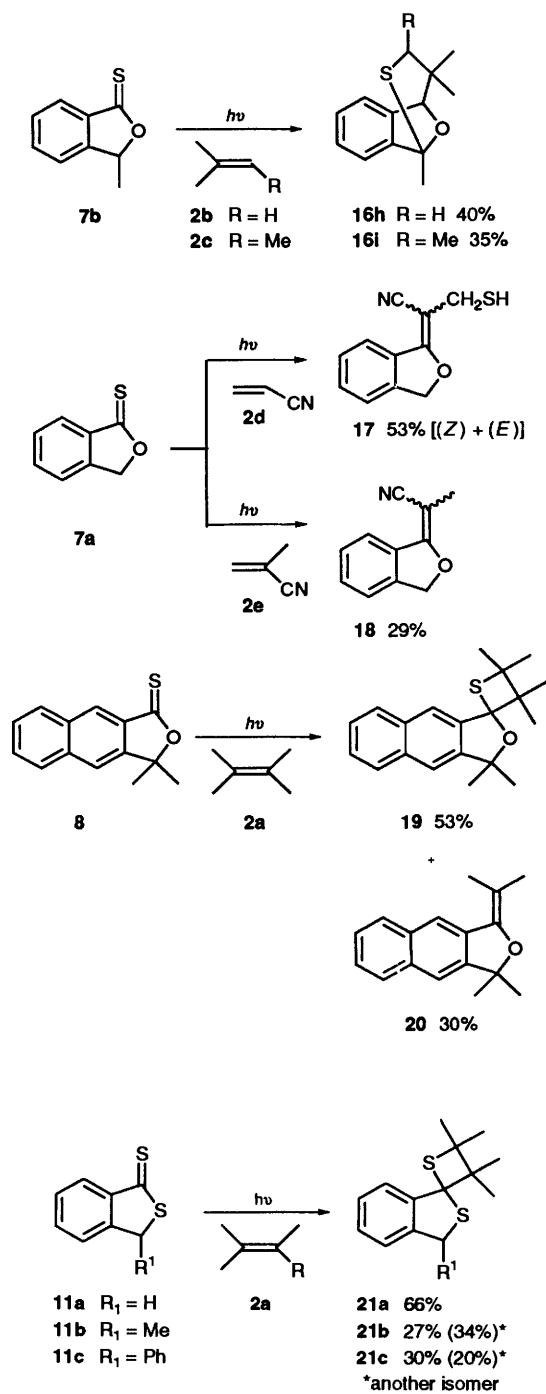
Fig. 2

Table 1 Yields^a of photoproducts **15** and rearrangement products **16**



	R^1	R^2	Solvent	Irradiation t/h	Yield of 15 (%)	Yield of 16 (%)
7a	H	H	Benzene	6	15a 80	16a 20 ^c
7a			MeOH	6	15a 64	
7a			MeCN	6	15a 74	
7a ^b			Benzene	6	15a 16	
7b	Me	H	Benzene	7	15b 79	16b 100 ^d
[3- ² H] 7b	Me	D	Benzene	8	[3- ² H] 15b 85	[5- ² H] 16b 100 ^d
7b			MeOH	7	15b 95	
7c	Me	Me	Benzene	5	15c 83	
7d	Ph	H	Benzene	5	15d 73	16d 100 ^d
7e	PhCH ₂	H	Benzene	7	15e 80	16e 50 ^d
7f	Ph	Ph	Benzene	12	15f 67	
7g	Allyl	Allyl	Benzene	10	15g 49	

^a Isolated yield. ^b Halogen lamp (> 400 nm) was used as an irradiation source. ^c Reflux in toluene for 15 h. Unchanged **15a** was recovered in 51% yield. ^d Room temperature in CDCl₃ or neat.



Experimental

Mps and bps are uncorrected. IR spectra were measured using a Hitachi 26-30 spectrophotometer. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL FX 90Q (90 MHz) and FX 100 (100 MHz) spectrometers using CDCl_3 as solvent and tetramethylsilane as an internal standard. *J* Values are given in Hz. UV spectra were recorded on a JASCO UVIDEC-505 spectrophotometer.

General Procedure for the Thionation of 1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-ones 5, 1,3-Dihydronaphtho[2,3-c]furan-1-one 6 and 1,3-Dihydro-2-benzothiophen-1-one 9.—A solution of the corresponding ketone **5**, **6** and **9** (10 mmol) and 2,4-bis(*p*-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-dithione (LR) (5.5 mmol) in toluene (70 cm^3) was refluxed under argon for 0.5–2 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue was chromatographed on a silica gel column with benzene–hexane (4:1) to yield the thione analogues **7**, **8** and **11a**.

1,3-Dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7a. Mp 114–115 °C (lit.,¹⁰ 116–117 °C); $\lambda_{\max}(\text{EtOH})/\text{nm}$ 225 ($\epsilon/\text{dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 8400), 242 (5800), 291 (13 200) and 305 (14 600); $\lambda_{\max}(\text{hexane})/\text{nm}$ 222 ($\epsilon/\text{dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 7900), 228 (8800), 235 (7900), 288 (11 600) and 303 (12 700); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1615, 1590, 1500, 1465, 1315, 1270, 1165, 765 and 715; δ_{H} 5.57 (2 H, s), 7.28–7.80 (3 H, m) and 7.98–8.08 (1 H, m); δ_{C} 77.8 (t), 121.4 (d), 126.7 (d), 129.2 (d), 133.8 (d), 136.7 (s), 144.7 (s) and 211.0 (s).

3-Methyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7b. Bp 145 °C/3 mmHg; mp 61–62 °C (Found: C, 65.5; H, 4.95. $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{OS}$ requires C, 65.8; H, 4.9%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1605, 1590, 1465, 1345, 1305, 1270, 1160, 770, 745 and 725; δ_{H} 1.70 (3 H, d, *J* 6.8), 5.83 (1 H, q, *J* 6.8), 7.29–7.78 (3 H, m) and 8.04 (1 H, d, *J* 1.0); δ_{C} 19.7 (q), 86.5 (d), 121.0 (d), 126.7 (d), 129.2 (d), 133.9 (d), 145.4 (s), 149.0 (s) and 210.1 (s).

3-Methyl-1,3-[³H]dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione [3-²H]-7b. $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1610, 1585, 1465, 1335, 1325, 1260, 1205, 1060, 775, 740 and 730; δ_{H} 1.69 (3 H, s), 7.39–7.78 (3 H, m) and 7.93–8.04 (1 H, m).

3,3-Dimethyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7c. Bp 130 °C/3 mmHg; mp 33–34 °C (Found: C, 67.1; H, 5.6. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{OS}$ requires C, 67.4; H, 5.65%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1605, 1485, 1470, 1260, 1075, 835, 765 and 750; δ_{H} 1.73 (6 H, s), 7.37–7.77 (3 H, m) and 7.95–8.01 (1 H, m); δ_{C} 26.6 (q), 94.8 (s), 120.2 (d), 126.8 (d), 129.2 (d), 133.9 (d), 135.5 (s), 152.5 (s) and 190.8 (s).

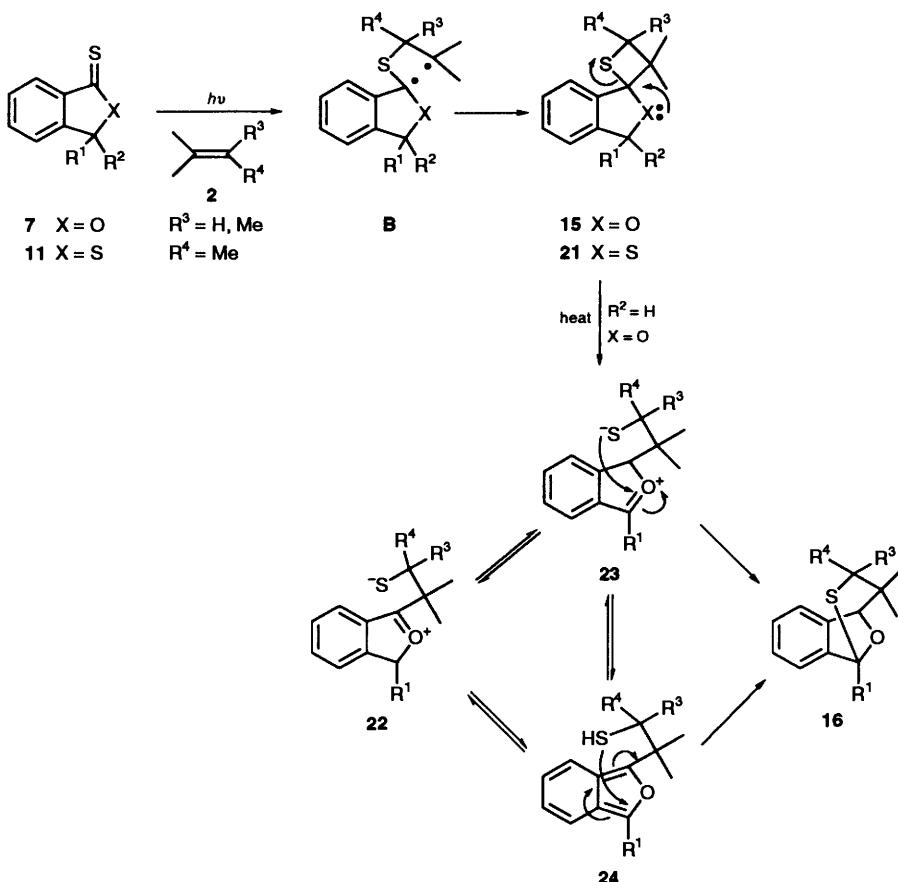
3-Phenyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7d. Mp 99–100 °C (Found: C, 74.35; H, 4.55. $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{OS}$ requires C, 74.3; H, 4.45%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1590, 1320, 1265, 1165, 775 and 695; δ_{H} 6.63 (1 H, s), 7.07–7.74 (8 H, m) and 8.08 (1 H, dd, *J* 1.5, 6.3); δ_{C} 91.3 (d), 122.3 (d), 126.7 (d), 127.4 (d), 129.0 (d), 129.5 (d), 129.6 (d), 134.0 (d), 135.3 (s), 136.6 (s), 147.5 (s) and 210.0 (s).

3-Benzyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7e. Bp 185 °C/3 mmHg; mp 54–55 °C (Found: C, 74.85; H, 5.1. $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{OS}$ requires C, 74.95; H, 5.05%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1605, 1485, 1465, 1360, 1315, 1270, 1155, 765, 750, 735 and 695; δ_{H} 3.14 (1 H, A of ABX, *J* 6.4, 14.2), 3.34 (1 H, B of ABX, *J* 6.4, 14.2), 5.90 (1 H, X of ABX, *J* 6.4), 7.06–7.74 (8 H, m) and 7.75–8.05 (1 H, m); δ_{C} 40.1 (t), 89.5 (d), 121.6 (d), 126.5 (d), 127.0 (d), 128.4 (d), 129.2 (d), 129.5 (d), 133.3 (d), 134.4 (s), 136.5 (s), 146.8 (s) and 209.7 (s).

3,3-Diphenyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7f. Mp 133–134 °C (Found: C, 79.05; H, 4.65. $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{OS}$ requires C, 79.45; H, 4.65%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1585, 1485, 1460, 1335, 1315, 1260, 1200, 775, 755, 740 and 690; δ_{H} 7.32 (11 H, s), 7.41–7.76 (2 H, m) and 8.01–8.11 (1 H, m); δ_{C} 100.6 (s), 123.6 (d), 127.2 (d), 128.5 (d), 128.8 (d), 129.5 (d), 133.8 (d), 136.1 (s), 133.9 (s), 149.8 (s) and 208.9 (s).

3,3-Diallyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-thione 7g. Bp 160 °C/2 mmHg (Found: C, 73.05; H, 6.2. $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{OS}$ requires C, 73.0; H, 6.15%); $\nu_{\max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1635, 1605, 1585, 1470, 1345, 1310, 1270,

which the hydrogen of the sulfanyl function can be easily exchanged with deuterium, is the reactive intermediate. The low incorporation of deuterium in [³H]16b was probably due to D–H exchange in the equilibrium between these intermediates **22**, **23** and **24** by a trace of water in the benzene solution although dry solvent was used. The formation of alkylideneisobenzofurans **17** and **18** can be understood in terms of 1,3-hydrogen transfer or the elimination of thioaldehyde from zwitterion intermediate **27**. Homolytic cleavage of the spirothietane ring involving biradical **26** would also be possible. In the ring cleavage of thietanes adjacent to heteroatoms such as oxygen and sulfur, the participation of the oxygen lone-pair electrons is more effective than that of the sulfur lone-pair electrons. The effectiveness of the heteroatom lone-pair electrons parallels the electronic influence of heteroatom substituents on the rate and course of a reaction.⁹

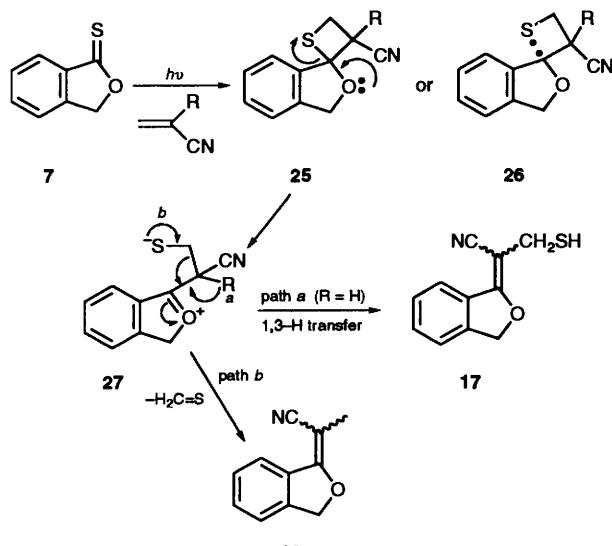
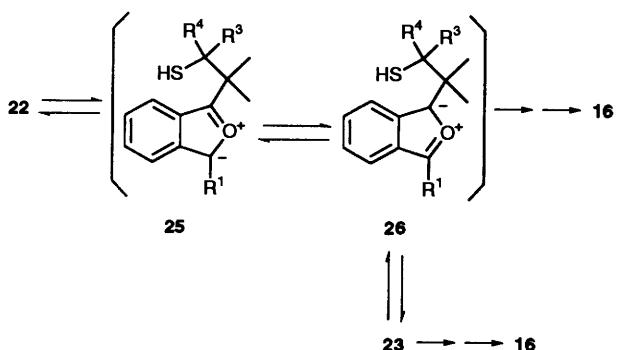


1195, 920, 835, 765 and 695; δ_{H} 2.58–2.99 (4 H, m), 4.97–5.17 (4 H, m), 5.35–5.77 (2 H, m), 7.18–7.74 (3 H, m) and 7.99 (1 H, dd, J 1.0, 6.9); δ_{C} 43.2 (t), 97.6 (s), 120.5 (t), 121.2 (d), 126.8 (d), 129.2 (d), 130.3 (d), 133.5 (d), 137.2 (s), 149.2 (s) and 209.4 (s).

3,3-Dimethyl-1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-c]furan-1-thione 8. Mp 114–115 °C (Found: C, 73.3; H, 5.3. $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{OS}$ requires C, 73.65; H, 5.3%); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1620, 1600, 1495, 1445, 1305, 1275, 1175, 1085, 820 and 750; δ_{H} 1.80 (6 H, s), 7.46–7.71 (2 H, m), 7.76 (1 H, s), 7.87–8.08 (2 H, m) and 8.57 (1 H, s); δ_{C} 27.4 (q), 94.6 (s), 118.9 (d), 126.9 (d), 128.0 (d), 128.2 (d), 129.1 (d), 130.0 (d), 133.2 (s), 133.9 (s), 135.9 (s), 147.0 (s) and 209.0 (s).

1,3-Dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione 11a. Mp 63–64 °C (Found: C, 57.9; H, 3.6. $\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{S}_2$ requires C, 57.85; H, 3.65%); $\lambda_{\text{max}}(\text{EtOH})/\text{nm}$ 225 ($\epsilon/\text{dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ 6600), 292 (14 000) and 344 (10 300); $\lambda_{\text{max}}(\text{hexane})$ 225 (ϵ 6900), 284 (13 500) and 342

† One of the referees suggested that a carbonyl ylide species, 25 and 26, which could be responsible for the equilibration of intermediates 22 and 23, also might be considered as an intermediate in the conversion of 15 into 16:



(9300); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{KBr})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 1590, 1565, 1465, 1400, 1260, 1205, 1125, 1040, 895, 755 and 700; δ_{H} 4.50 (2 H, s), 7.33–7.69 (3 H, m) and 8.02 (1 H, d, J 7.3); δ_{C} 40.8 (t), 124.4 (d), 125.4 (d), 128.0 (d), 132.6 (d), 144.1 (s), 147.1 (s) and 228.4 (s).

Reaction of o-Acylbenzoic Acid 10 with LR. —A solution of *o*-acylbenzoic acid 10 (10 mmol) and LR (5.5–10 mmol) in toluene was refluxed under argon for 0.5–1 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue was chromatographed on a silica gel column with benzene–hexane (4:1) to yield products 11–14.

3-Methyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione 11b. Bp 155 °C/3 mmHg (Found: C, 59.9; H, 4.45. $C_9H_8S_2$ requires C 59.95; H, 4.45%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1600, 1465, 1260, 1050, 760 and 740; δ_H 1.72 (3 H, d, *J* 6.8), 4.88 (1 H, q, *J* 6.8), 7.03–7.70 (3 H, m) and 7.93–8.06 (1 H, m); δ_C 20.3 (q), 51.1 (d), 124.1 (d), 128.0 (d), 132.6 (d), 143.1 (s), 151.9 (s) and 227.4 (s).

3-Phenyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione 11c. Mp 93–94 °C (Found: C, 68.75; H, 4.85. $C_{14}H_{10}S_2$ requires C, 68.85; H, 4.95%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1590, 1465, 1445, 1265, 1120, 1040, 895, 765, 750 and 720; δ_H 5.95 (1 H, s), 7.21–7.60 (8 H, m) and 8.15 (1 H, d, *J* 7.6); δ_C 60.6 (d), 124.5 (d), 126.0 (d), 128.3 (d), 128.5 (d), 128.6 (d), 129.2 (d), 133.0 (d), 137.5 (s), 143.6 (s), 151.2 (s) and 227.2 (s).

3-Methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophen-1-one 12. Mp 108–110 °C (Found: C, 55.1; H, 3.95. $C_9H_8OS_2$ requires C, 55.05; H, 4.1%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 2540 and 1660; δ_H 2.20 (3 H, d, *J* 1.0), 3.09 (1 H, d, *J* 1.0) and 7.32–7.85 (4 H, m); δ_C 34.3 (q), 60.2 (s), 123.4 (d), 124.1 (d), 128.8 (s), 128.8 (d), 133.2 (s), 134.3 (d), 156.0 (s) and 190.0 (s).

3-Methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-one 13. Mp 67–68 °C (Found: C, 59.95; H, 4.55; $C_9H_8O_2S$ requires C, 60.0; H, 4.45%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 2530 and 1750; δ_H 2.05 (3 H, s) 2.97 (1 H, s) and 7.47–7.97 (4 H, m); δ_C 30.7 (q), 89.9 (s), 121.7 (d), 124.3 (s), 125.4 (d), 129.8 (d), 134.7 (d), 153.1 (s) and 167.9 (s).

3-Methylidene-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-one 14. Mp 54–55 °C (lit.¹¹ 53.5–54.5 °C); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1765 and 1645; δ_H 5.22 (2 H, s) and 7.34–7.93 (4 H, m); δ_C 91.3 (t), 120.5 (d), 125.3 (d), 130.5 (d), 134.5 (d), 139.0 (s), 151.9 (s) and 166.9 (s).

Thionation of 3-Methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophen-1-one 12.—A solution of **12** (1 mmol) and LR (0.55 mmol) in toluene (50 cm³) was heated to reflux under argon for 0.25 h. After removal of the solvent, the residue was chromatographed on a silica gel column with benzene–hexane (4:1) to give 3-methyl-1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1-thione **11b** in 44% yield. Similar treatment of 3-methyl-3-sulfanyl-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1-one **13** (1 mmol) with LR (1 mmol) in DME (50 cm³) gave **11b** and **12**.

General Procedure for the Photochemical Reactions of the Thiones 7, 8 and 11 with Alkenes 2.—A solution of the thione (200 mg) and alkene **2** (*ca.* 1 cm³) in benzene (or MeOH or acetonitrile) (70 cm³) was irradiated in a Pyrex vessel with a high-pressure mercury lamp (300 W) under argon for 5–12 h. After removal of the solvent, the residual oil was chromatographed on a silica gel column with benzene–hexane (4:1–1:2) as eluent to give the corresponding photoproducts **15–21**. A solution of the spiro-thietane **15a** (100 mg) in toluene (30 cm³) was heated to reflux for 15 h and usual work-up gave the tricyclic isobenzofurans **16a** (20%) and unchanged starting material (51%). The photoproducts **15b** and **15d–e** were unstable at room temperature and easily rearranged to tricyclic isobenzofuran derivatives **16b** and **16d–e** in organic solvents such as CHCl₃ and benzene and even neat.

3',3',4',4'-Tetramethylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15a. Mp 104–105 °C (Found: C, 71.8; H, 7.7. $C_{14}H_{18}OS$ requires C, 71.75; H, 7.75%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1460, 1440, 1030 and 755; δ_H 1.05 (3 H, s), 1.35 (3 H, s), 1.40 (3 H, s), 1.82 (3 H, s), 5.08 (2 H, ABq, *J* 12.7, 14.6), 7.10–7.40 (3 H, m) and 7.49–7.65 (1 H, m); δ_C 20.2 (q), 24.4 (q), 26.3 (q), 30.4 (q), 49.5 (s), 58.0 (s), 72.1 (t), 100.7 (s), 120.5 (d), 125.7 (d), 127.0 (d), 128.2 (d), 139.2 (s) and 139.8 (s); *m/z* 234 (M⁺) and 160 (M⁺ – Me₂C=S).

3,3,4,4-Tetramethyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-epoxy-2-benzothiophene 16a. Bp 140 °C/3 mmHg (Found: C, 71.95; H, 7.8. $C_{14}H_{18}OS$ requires C, 71.75; H, 7.75%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1460, 1395, 1375, 1365, 1120, 1015, 995, 755 and 740; δ_H 0.34 (3 H, s), 0.97 (3 H, s), 1.04 (3 H, s), 1.37 (3 H, s), 4.57 (1 H, s), 6.15 (1 H, s)

and 7.11–7.45 (4 H, m); δ_C 20.1 (q), 25.2 (q), 28.7 (q), 29.2 (q), 37.9 (s), 48.2 (s), 84.1 (d), 87.9 (d), 120.1 (d), 121.9 (d), 127.0 (d), 128.2 (d), 141.7 (s) and 143.5 (s).

3,3',3',4',4'-Pentamethylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15b. (1:1 Mixture of two stereoisomers), oil (Found: C, 72.6; H, 8.05. $C_{15}H_{20}OS$ requires C, 72.55; H, 8.1%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1455, 1365, 1110, 1075, 1015 and 745; δ_H 1.07 (s), 1.26 (s), 1.42 (s), 1.43 (d, *J* 6.6), 1.50 (d, *J* 6.8), 1.51 (s), 1.80 (s), 1.83 (s), 5.12–5.46 (m), 7.00–7.39 (m) and 7.44–7.67 (m).

Deuteriated Spiro-thietane [3-²H]15b. (1:1 Mixture of two stereoisomers); δ_H 1.07 (s), 1.26 (s), 1.43 (s), 1.47 (s), 1.48 (s), 1.50 (s), 1.80 (s), 1.93 (s), 7.00–7.38 (m) and 7.46–7.67 (m).

1,3,3,4,4-Pentamethyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-epoxy-2-benzothiophene 16b. Bp 130 °C/3 mmHg (Found: C, 72.65; H, 8.35. $C_{15}H_{20}OS$ requires C, 72.55; H, 8.1%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1460, 1375, 1085, 1000, 755 and 705; δ_H 0.31 (3 H, s), 0.97 (3 H, s), 1.03 (3 H, s), 1.34 (3 H, s), 1.89 (3 H, s), 4.60 (1 H, s) and 7.03–7.35 (4 H, m); δ_C 19.9 (q), 24.0 (q), 25.0 (q), 28.5 (q), 36.3 (s), 48.9 (s), 88.4 (d), 90.5 (s), 119.0 (d), 121.8 (d), 126.7 (d), 128.2 (d), 142.0 (s) and 146.6 (s).

Deuteriated tricyclic isobenzofuran [5-²H]16b. δ_H 0.31 (3 H, s), 0.97 (3 H, s), 1.03 (3 H, s), 1.33 (3 H, s), 1.89 (3 H, s), 4.60 (0.6 H, s) and 7.09–7.35 (4 H, m).

3,3,3',3',4',4'-Hexamethylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15c. Mp 78–79 °C (Found: C, 73.25; H, 8.55. $C_{16}H_{22}OS$ requires C, 73.25; H, 8.45%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1440, 1360, 1015, 820, 760 and 725; δ_H 1.08 (3 H, s), 1.40 (3 H, s), 1.44 (3 H, s), 1.49 (6 H, s), 1.78 (3 H, s), 6.99–7.14 (1 H, m), 7.19–7.37 (2 H, m) and 7.53–7.66 (1 H, m); δ_C 21.3 (q), 24.2 (q), 26.7 (q), 29.1 (q), 29.9 (q), 30.2 (q), 48.7 (s), 57.6 (s), 85.1 (s), 98.3 (s), 120.0 (d), 125.7 (d), 127.1 (d), 128.4 (d), 139.3 (s) and 147.8 (s).

3',3',4',4'-Tetramethyl-3-phenylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15d. (1:2 Mixture of two stereoisomers), mp 103–105 °C (Found: C, 77.65; H, 6.95. $C_{20}H_{22}OS$ requires C, 77.4; H, 7.15%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1600, 1495, 1460, 1450, 1380, 1365, 1120, 1020, 1000, 750 and 700; δ_H 0.41 (3 H, s), 1.02 (3 H, s), 1.09 (3 H, s), 1.40 (3 H, s), 4.81 (1 H, s), 7.03–7.51 (7 H, m) and 7.64–7.78 (2 H, m); δ_C 20.0 (q), 25.1 (q), 28.6 (q), 36.5 (s), 49.6 (s), 88.5 (d), 93.9 (s), 120.4 (d), 121.8 (d), 125.3 (d), 126.8 (d), 128.2 (d), 128.4 (d), 140.2 (s), 141.4 (s) and 146.3 (s).

3',3',4',4'-Tetramethyl-3-benzylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15e. (1:1 Mixture of two stereoisomers), oil; ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1650, 1600, 1490, 1455, 1365, 1105, 1010, 745 and 695; δ_H 1.01 (s), 1.10 (s), 1.34 (s), 1.39 (s), 1.42 (s), 1.49 (s), 1.77 (s), 1.83 (s), 3.03 (d of q, *J* 2.4, 14.2), 3.09 (d of q, *J* 2.4, 13.7), 5.31–5.56 (m), 6.76–6.93 (m), 7.05–7.35 (m) and 7.51–7.65 (m).

1-Benzyl-3,3,4,4-tetramethyl-1-phenyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-epoxy-2-benzothiophene 16d. Bp 200 °C/3 mmHg (Found: C, 77.15; H, 7.15. $C_{20}H_{22}OS$ requires C, 77.4; H, 7.15%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1600, 1495, 1460, 1450, 1380, 1365, 1120, 1020, 1000, 750 and 700; δ_H 0.41 (3 H, s), 1.02 (3 H, s), 1.09 (3 H, s), 1.40 (3 H, s), 4.81 (1 H, s), 7.03–7.51 (7 H, m) and 7.64–7.78 (2 H, m); δ_C 20.0 (q), 25.1 (q), 28.6 (q), 36.5 (s), 49.6 (s), 88.5 (d), 93.9 (s), 120.4 (d), 121.8 (d), 125.3 (d), 126.8 (d), 128.2 (d), 128.4 (d), 140.2 (s), 141.4 (s) and 146.3 (s).

3,3,4,4-Tetramethyl-3-phenylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15f. Mp 136.5–138 °C (Found: C, 80.45; H, 6.85. $C_{26}H_{26}OS$ requires C, 80.8; H, 6.76%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1595, 1485, 1440, 1365, 1005, 995, 975, 765, 740 and 695; δ_H 0.59 (3 H, s), 1.30 (3 H, s), 1.42 (3 H, s), 1.79 (3 H, s) and 7.00–7.70 (14

δ_C 21.3 (q), 24.3 (q), 26.6 (q), 30.3 (q), 49.0 (s), 57.7 (s), 93.8 (s), 100.1 (s), 123.7 (d), 126.0 (d), 127.0 (d), 127.5 (d), 127.7 (d), 127.9 (d), 128.2 (d), 140.1 (s), 143.6 (s), 144.9 (s) and 146.0 (s).

3,3-Diallyl-3',3',4',4'-tetramethylspiro[1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-1,2'-thietane] 15g. Bp 175 °C/2 mmHg (Found: C, 76.65; H, 8.35. $C_{20}H_{26}OS$ requires C, 76.4; H, 8.35%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1635, 1455, 1365, 1015, 910, 750, 740 and 720; δ_H 1.13 (3 H, s), 1.39 (3 H, s), 1.45 (3 H, s), 1.76 (3 H, s), 2.44–2.59 (4 H, m), 4.81–5.16 (4 H, m), 5.47–6.07 (2 H, m), 6.92–7.15 (1 H, m), 7.17–7.39 (m, 2 H) and 7.45–7.67 (1 H, m); δ_C 21.6 (q), 24.2 (q), 27.0 (q), 30.8 (q), 44.1 (t), 44.5 (t), 48.2 (s), 57.8 (s), 89.0 (s), 98.9 (s), 118.1 (t), 118.2 (t), 121.0 (d), 125.5 (d), 127.4 (d), 128.1 (d), 133.6 (d), 140.7 (s) and 144.7 (s).

1,4,4-Trimethyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-epoxy-2-benzothiepine 16h. Bp 125 °C/3 mmHg; mp 80–81 °C (Found: C, 70.95; H, 7.35. $C_{13}H_{16}OS$ requires C, 70.85; H, 7.3%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1460, 1375, 1315, 1095, 990, 755 and 695; δ_H 0.95 (3 H, s), 1.41 (3 H, s), 1.90 (3 H, s), 2.07 (2 H, s), 4.58 (1 H, s) and 7.11–7.43 (4 H, m); δ_C 22.7 (q), 23.7 (q), 25.7 (q), 29.8 (s), 36.5 (t), 87.5 (d), 90.1 (s), 118.8 (d), 121.3 (d), 126.6 (d), 128.1 (d), 141.3 (s) and 143.7 (s).

1,3,4,4-Tetramethyl-1,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-epoxy-2-benzothiepine 16i. (1:1 Mixture of two stereoisomers), bp 135 °C/3 mmHg (Found: C, 72.0; H, 7.75. $C_{14}H_{18}OS$ requires C, 71.75; H, 7.75%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1455, 1370, 1095, 1065, 1000 and 745; δ_H 0.35 (d, *J* 7.8), 0.96 (3 H, *J* 6.8), 0.98 (s), 1.03 (s), 1.23 (s), 1.46 (s), 1.89 (s), 2.17 (q, *J* 6.8), 2.63 (q, *J* 7.8), 4.60 (brs) and 7.10–7.49 (m); δ_C 14.1 (q), 17.9 (q), 20.3 (q), 22.6 (q), 23.5 (q), 23.6 (q), 24.1 (q), 27.9 (q), 32.0 (s), 34.1 (s), 42.1 (d), 45.1 (d), 86.7 (d), 88.5 (d), 89.7 (s), 91.0 (s), 118.4 (d), 118.9 (d), 121.3 (d), 121.9 (d), 126.4 (d), 126.7 (d), 128.1 (d), 128.2 (d), 140.6 (s), 141.6 (s), 144.7 (s) and 146.4 (s).

1-(1-Cyano-2-sulfanylethylidene)-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran 17. Although two (*E/Z*)-geometrical isomers of 17 were isolated, their configurations could not be clarified because of the close similarity between the NMR spectra of the two isomers. The configuration of 18 is also unclear. *Isomer A*, mp 67–68 °C (Found: C, 65.25; H, 4.45; N, 7.05. $C_{11}H_9NOS$ requires C, 65.0; H, 4.45, N, 6.9%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 2550, 2180 and 1625; δ_H 1.96 (1 H, t, *J* 6.8), 3.72 (2 H, d, *J* 6.8), 5.50 (2 H, s), 7.40–7.66 (3 H, m) and 7.70–7.84 (1 H, m); δ_C 22.5 (t), 75.2 (t), 82.8 (s), 118.6 (s), 121.9 (d), 124.8 (d), 129.1 (d), 130.2 (s), 131.7 (d), 143.5 (s) and 168.5 (s).

Isomer B; mp 97–98 °C (Found: C, 64.9; H, 4.35; N, 6.75. $C_{11}H_9NOS$ requires C, 65.0; H, 4.45; N, 6.9%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 2550, 2190 and 1625; δ_H 1.99 (1 H, t, *J* 8.3), 3.57 (2 H, d, *J* 8.3), 5.48 (2 H, s), 7.29–7.64 (3 H, m) and 8.21–8.43 (1 H, m); δ_C 22.9 (t), 75.8 (t), 82.3 (s), 119.2 (s), 121.2 (d), 124.4 (d), 128.9 (d), 130.3 (s), 131.6 (d), 142.2 (s) and 167.3 (s).

1-(1-Cyanoethylidene)-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran 18. Mp 95–96 °C (Found: C, 77.1; H, 5.35; N, 8.1. $C_{11}H_9NO$ requires C, 77.15; H, 5.3; N, 8.2%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 2180 and 1635; δ_H 2.00 (3 H, s), 5.40 (2 H, s), 7.26–7.57 (3 H, m) and 8.20–8.33 (1 H, m); δ_C 13.5 (q), 74.8 (t), 121.1 (d), 124.0 (d), 128.7 (d), 130.8 (d), 141.8 (s) and 167.0 (s).

3,3',3',4',4'-Hexamethylspiro[1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-c]furan-1,2'-thietane] 19. Mp 144–146 °C (Found: C, 76.7; H, 7.85. $C_{20}H_{24}OS$ requires C, 76.9; H, 7.75%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1460, 1370, 1285, 1005, 895 and 750; δ_H 1.11 (3 H, s), 1.50 (6 H, s), 1.57 (3 H, s), 1.59 (3 H, s), 1.82 (3 H, s), 7.34–7.52 (3 H, m), 7.72–7.95 (2 H, m) and 8.07 (1 H, s); δ_C 21.3 (q), 24.3 (q), 26.7 (q), 29.3 (q), 30.2 (q), 30.4 (q), 48.9 (s), 57.8 (s), 84.6 (s), 97.6 (s), 118.1 (d), 124.9 (d), 125.5 (d), 126.2 (d), 127.5 (d), 128.6 (d), 133.0 (s), 133.6 (s), 138.8 (s) and 146.5 (s).

1-Isopropylidene-1,3-dihydronaphtho[2,3-c]furan 20. Mp 117–118 °C (Found: C, 85.6; H, 7.6. $C_{11}H_{18}O$ requires C, 85.65; H, 7.6%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1655, 1600, 1495, 1440, 1375, 1360, 1290, 1115, 880 and 755; δ_H 1.60 (6 H, s), 1.96 (3 H, s), 2.13 (3 H, s),

7.33–7.53 (3 H, m) and 7.69–7.96 (3 H, m); δ_C 18.8 (q), 19.8 (q), 29.1 (q), 83.3 (s), 104.8 (s), 118.6 (d), 121.3 (d), 125.7 (d), 125.8 (d), 127.5 (d), 128.5 (d), 132.5 (s), 132.7 (s), 133.5 (s), 147.1 (s) and 147.9 (s).

3',3',4',4'-Tetramethylspiro[1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1,2'-thietane] 21a. Bp 165 °C/2 mmHg (Found: C, 67.2; H, 7.3. $C_{14}H_{18}S_2$ requires C, 67.15; H, 7.25%); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1475, 1450, 1370, 1125, 820, 750 and 720; δ_H 1.08 (3 H, s), 1.36 (3 H, s), 1.49 (3 H, s), 1.81 (3 H, s), 3.80 (1 H, d, *J* 14.2), 4.17 (1 H, d, *J* 14.2), 7.15–7.36 (3 H, m) and 7.55–7.69 (1 H, m); δ_C 23.8 (q), 25.0 (q), 26.3 (q), 30.2 (q), 37.3 (t), 49.7 (s), 56.7 (s), 72.3 (s), 124.4 (d), 125.8 (d), 127.1 (d), 127.5 (d), 141.1 (s) and 142.7 (s).

3',3',4',4'-Pentamethylspiro[1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1,2'-thietane] 21b. (Isomer-1), mp 53–54 °C (Found: C, 67.95; H, 7.65. $C_{15}H_{20}S_2$ requires C, 68.15; H, 7.6%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1475, 1445, 1365, 910, 815 and 755; δ_H 1.08 (3 H, s), 1.24 (3 H, s), 1.35 (3 H, s), 1.54 (3 H, d, *J* 6.6), 1.80 (3 H, s), 4.50 (1 H, q, *J* 6.6), 7.13–7.29 (3 H, m) and 7.61–7.67 (1 H, m); δ_C 20.3 (q), 24.0 (q), 25.0 (q), 26.3 (q), 30.2 (q), 45.8 (d), 49.5 (s), 56.6 (s), 71.7 (s), 122.8 (d), 125.8 (d), 127.4 (d), 143.1 (s) and 145.8 (s). (Isomer-2), mp 71–72 °C (Found: C, 67.8; H, 7.45. $C_{15}H_{20}S_2$ requires C, 68.15; H, 7.6%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1470, 1445, 1365, 910, 810 and 750; δ_H 1.14 (3 H, s), 1.24 (3 H, s), 1.42 (3 H, s), 1.58 (3 H, d, *J* 6.9), 1.72 (3 H, s), 4.43 (1 H, q, *J* 6.9), 7.11–7.35 (3 H, m) and 7.74 (1 H, d, *J* 7.6); δ_C 24.8 (q), 26.0 (q), 26.3 (q), 26.6 (q), 30.3 (q), 47.0 (d), 49.1 (s), 56.2 (s), 74.3 (s), 123.7 (d), 126.1 (d), 127.5 (d), 128.2 (d), 141.8 (s) and 146.2 (s).

3',3',4',4'-Tetramethyl-3-phenylspiro[1,3-dihydro-2-benzothiophene-1,2'-thietane] 21c. (Isomer-1), mp 95–96 °C (Found: C, 73.6; H, 6.9. $C_{20}H_{22}S_2$ requires C, 73.55; H, 6.8%); ν_{max} (KBr)/cm⁻¹ 1590, 1485, 1465, 1445, 1365, 815, 780, 745, 710 and 700; δ_H 1.15 (3 H, s), 1.33 (3 H, s), 1.38 (3 H, s), 1.80 (3 H, s), 5.53 (1 H, s), 6.74 (1 H, d, *J* 7.6), 7.01–7.37 (7 H, m) and 7.69 (1 H, d, *J* 7.6); δ_C 24.1 (q), 25.1 (q), 26.2 (q), 30.3 (q), 49.7 (s), 56.5 (d), 56.9 (s), 72.5 (s), 125.0 (d), 126.0 (d), 127.2 (d), 127.4 (d), 127.7 (d), 128.5 (d), 129.3 (d), 140.8 (s), 143.3 (s) and 145.4 (s). (Isomer-2), oil; ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 1600, 1475, 1445, 805, 780, 750, 715 and 700; δ_H 0.83 (3 H, s), 1.17 (3 H, s), 1.39 (3 H, s), 1.64 (3 H, s), 5.62 (1 H, s), 7.05–7.38 (8 H, m) and 7.84 (1 H, d, *J* 7.9); δ_C 24.8 (q), 25.8 (q), 26.6 (q), 30.4 (q), 48.8 (s), 55.5 (d), 56.7 (s), 74.7 (s), 125.8 (d), 126.6 (d), 126.9 (d), 127.6 (d), 127.9 (d), 128.3 (s), 144.1 (s) and 144.3 (s).

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